



ERTLAB STUDIO

TUTORIAL # 1

QUICK 2D ERT PROFILE INVERSION PROCESS

www.geostudiastier.com

v.1.0

CASE 1

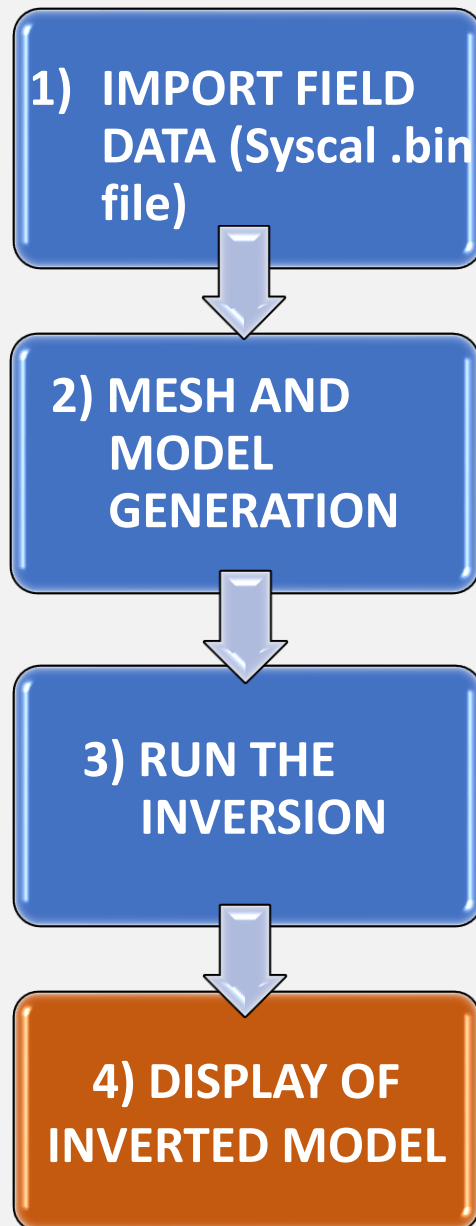
2D FLAT PROFILE

and

2D PROFILE WITH ELECTRODE TOPOGRAPHY INCLUDED INTO THE .BIN FILE

ERTLab Studio

QUICK INVERSION PROCESS

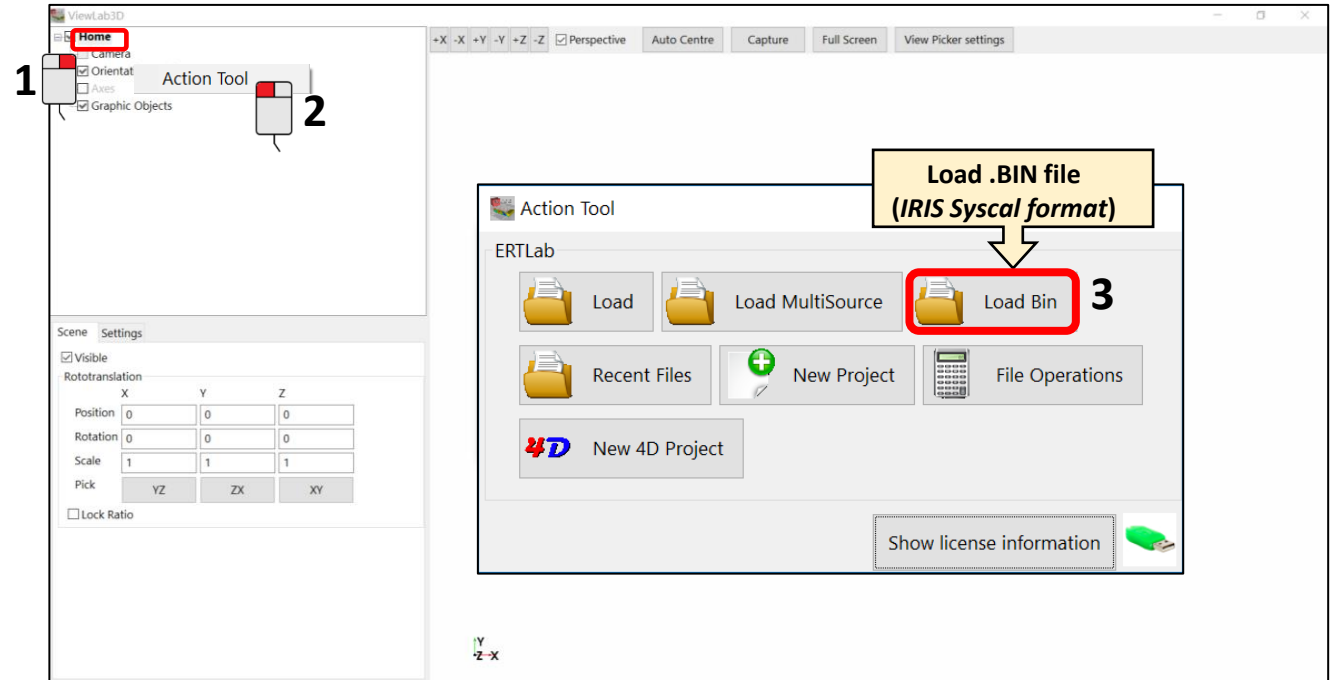


**N° 3 SIMPLE FULLY
AUTOMATED PASSES
TO GET AN INVERTED 2D
SECTION**

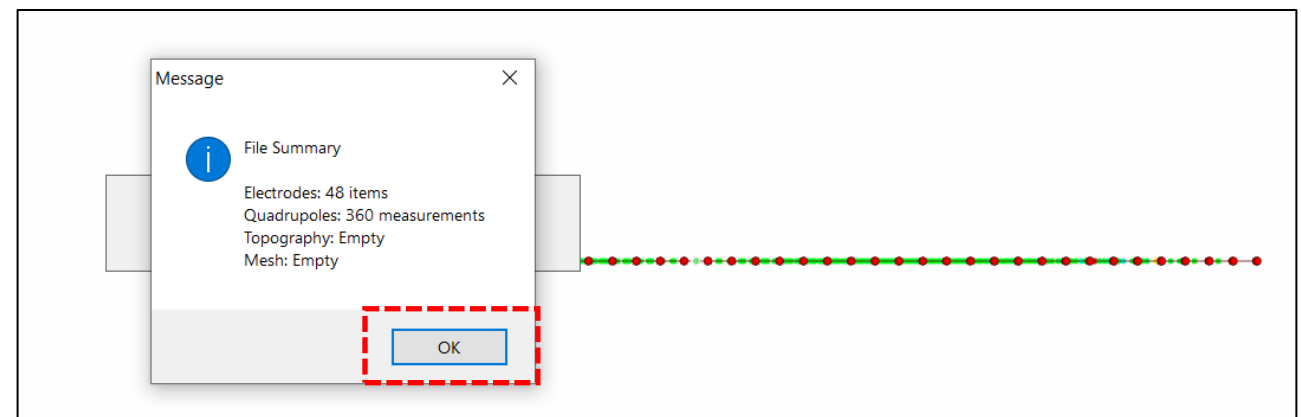
2D FLAT PROFILE

STEP 1: IMPORT FIELD .BIN file

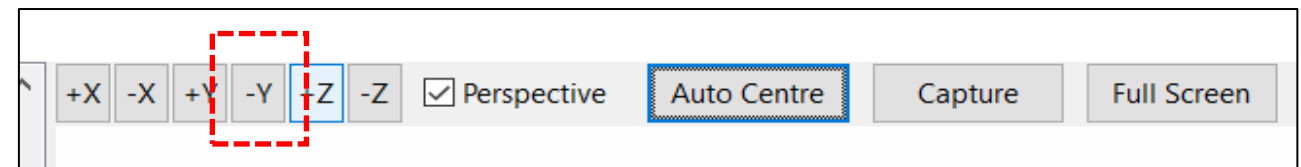
1. Launch ERTLab Studio;
2. Left mouse Click on “Home” on the main tree on the left;
3. Right mouse click → Action tool → and press on the LOAD BIN button in order to select a Syscal .bin 2D field data:



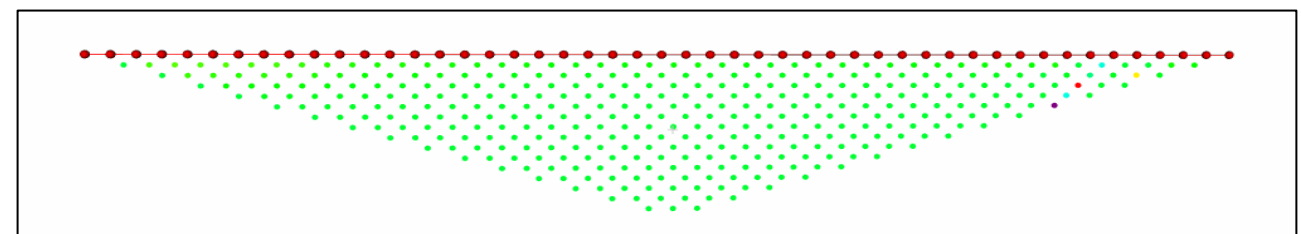
4. A File summary message will appear:
5. Press OK button



6. Press “-Y” button on top of the window to get the proper view

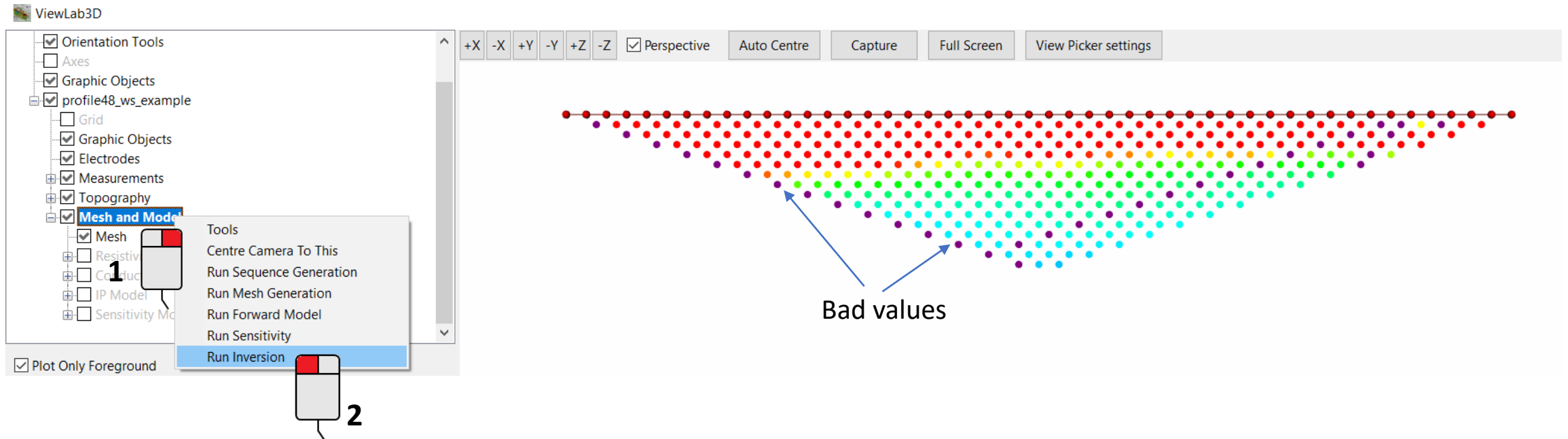


7. The pseudo-section can be visualized:

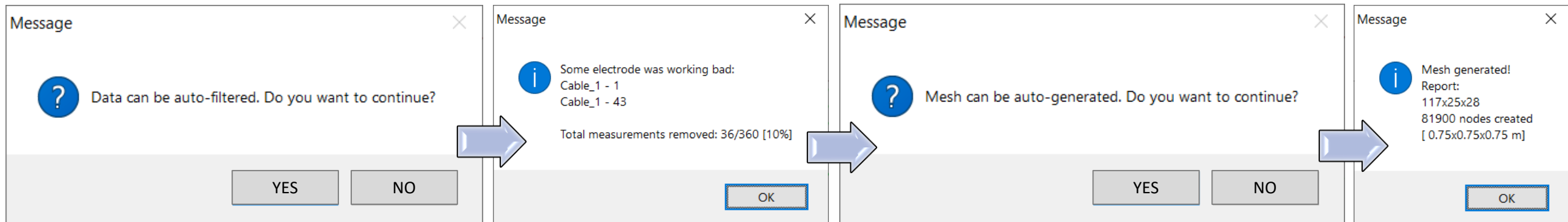


STEP 2: MESH GENERATION

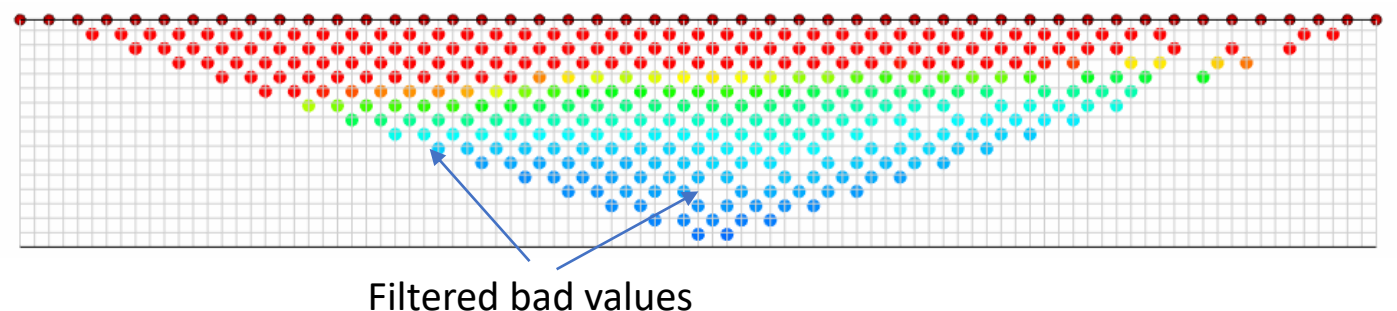
8. Launch the “Run Inversion” command by Right Mouse clicking on “Mesh and Model” and then Left Mouse Click on “Run Inversion”:



9. Answer “yes” to the following questions and take note of the related computational messages provided:

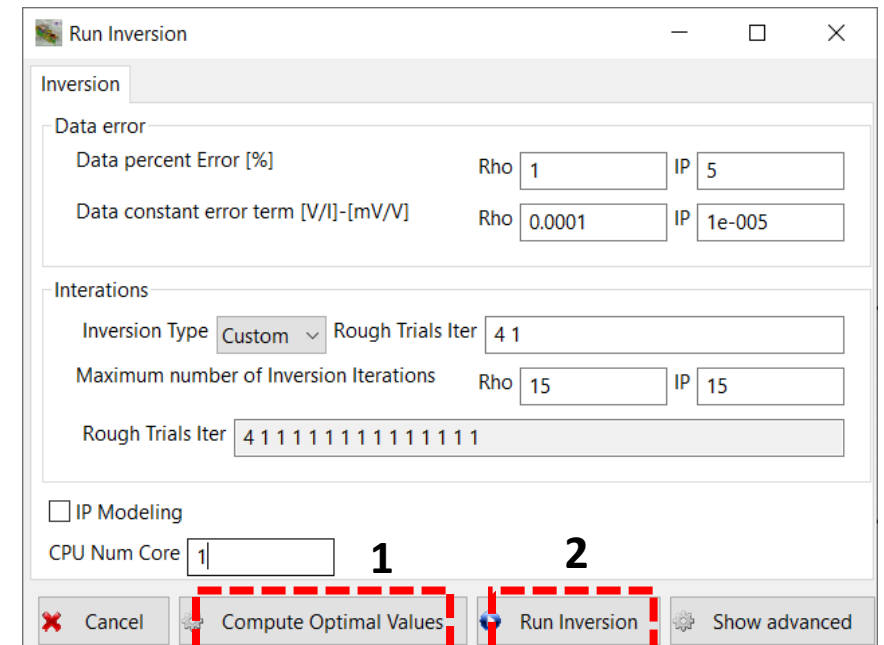


The data have been filtered (*additional manual filters are available*) and the mesh cre



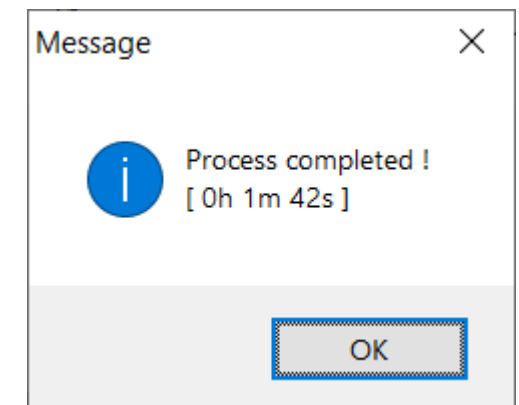
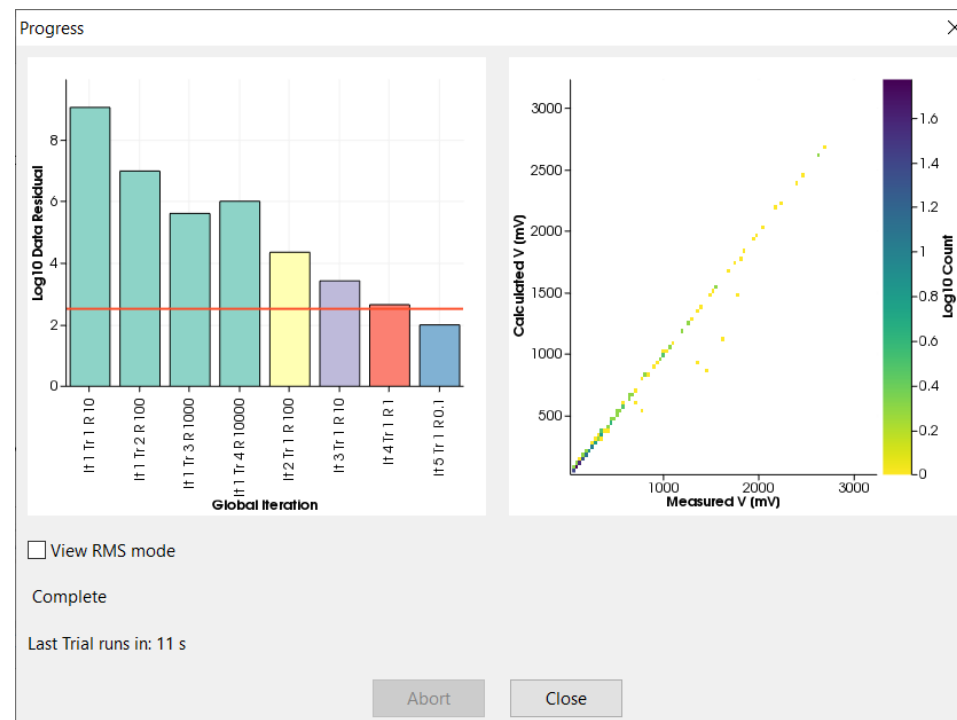
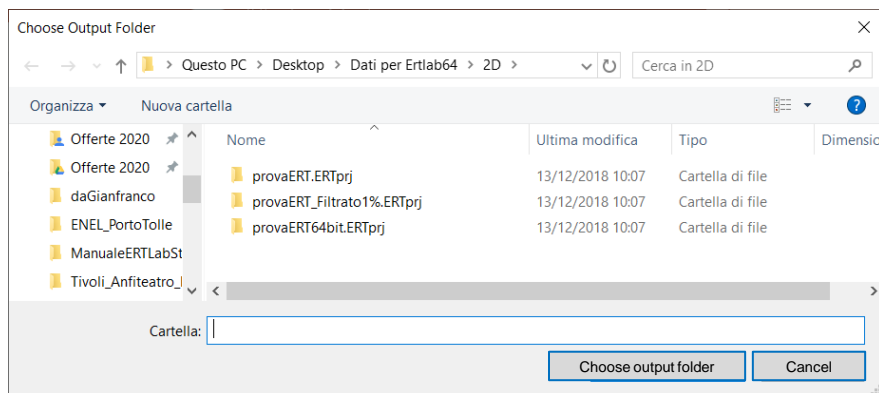
STEP 3: RUN INVERSION

10. The following window will appear:



11. Press “Compute Optimal Values” button and then press “Run Inversion” to start the process
(You will be asked to choose the Output folder before the process automatically starts)

12. Follow the inversion process till the end (Process completed) and close the inversion window.

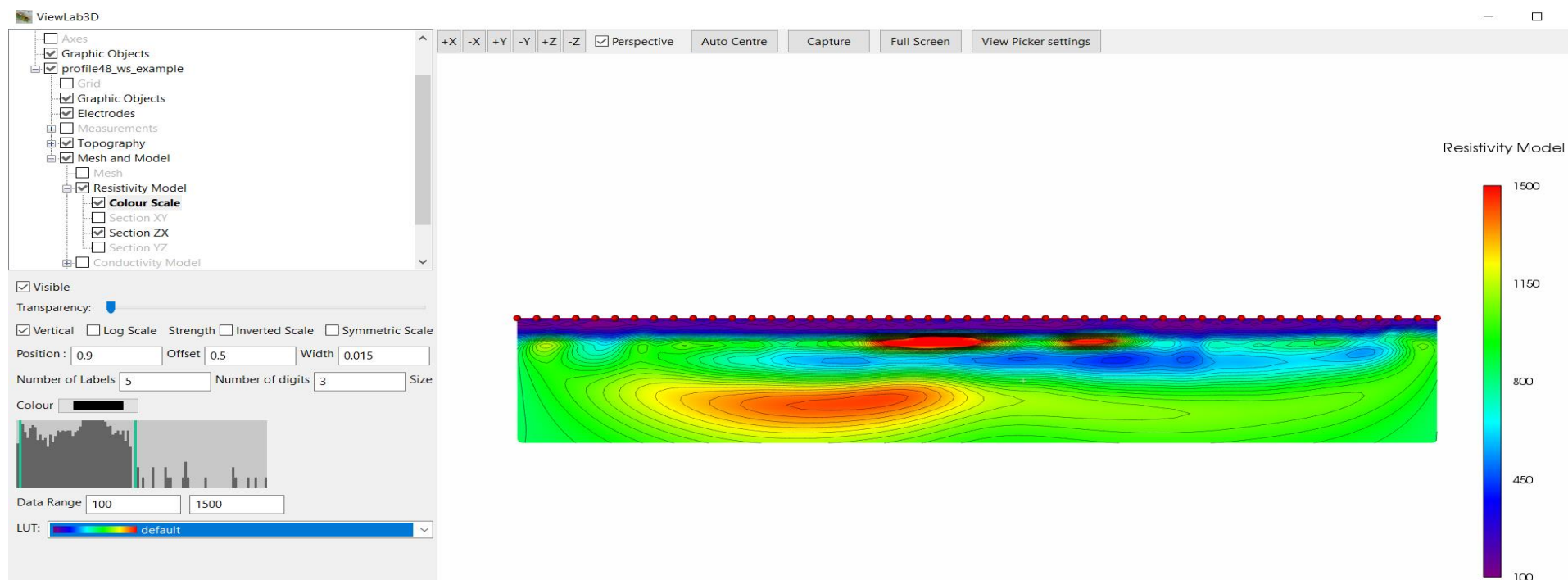


DISPLAY OF INVERTED MODEL

13. Display the inverted model by checking the “Resistivity model” on the main tree, uncheck “mesh” and “Measurements”, then expand the “Resistivity model” menu by click on “+”:

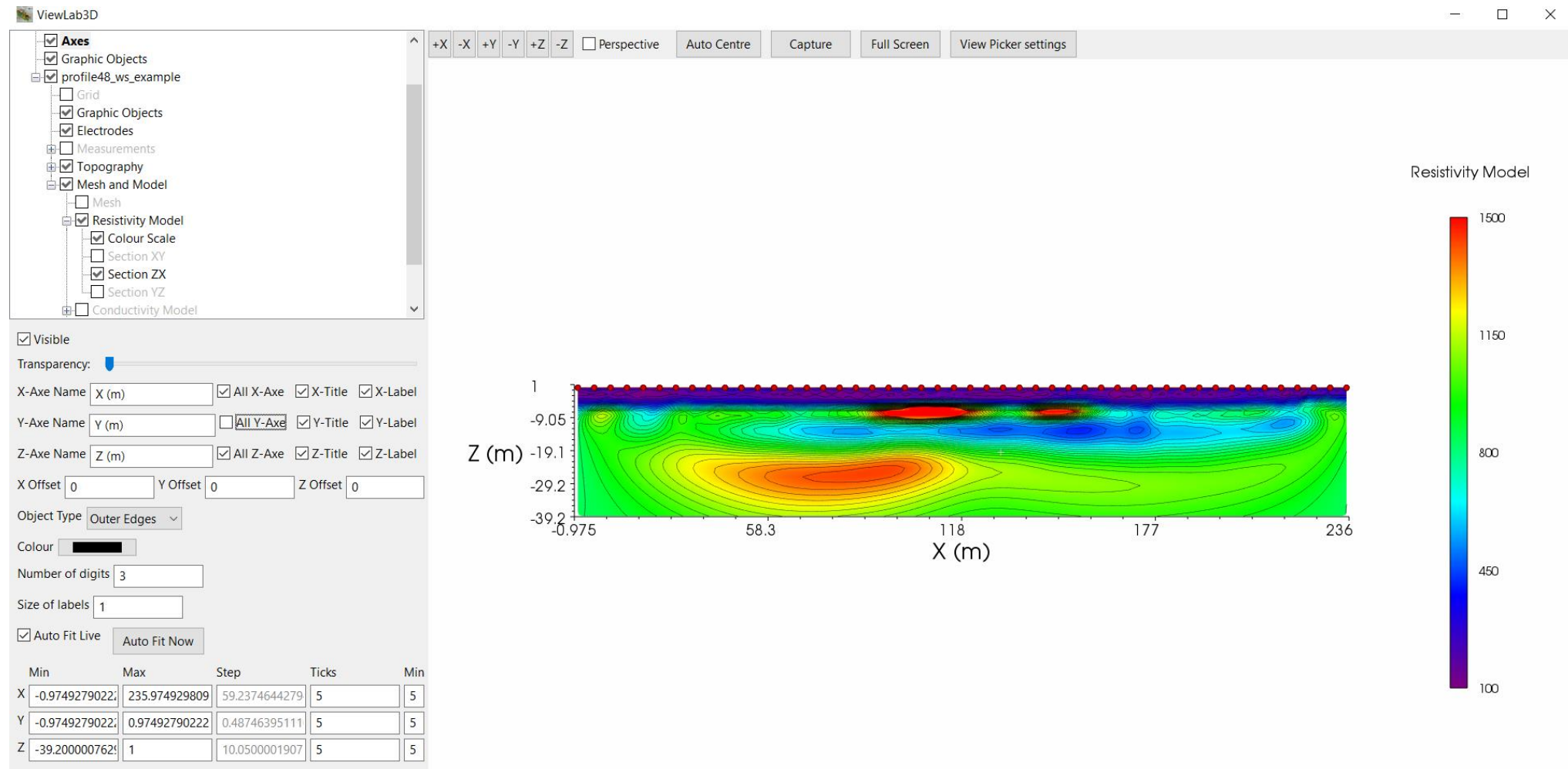


14. Uncheck the XY and YZ sections, check the “Color scale”, setup a proper resistivity Data Range (*min* and *max*) and choose a color scale (recommended: “ERTLab Viewer) with or without Log Scale.

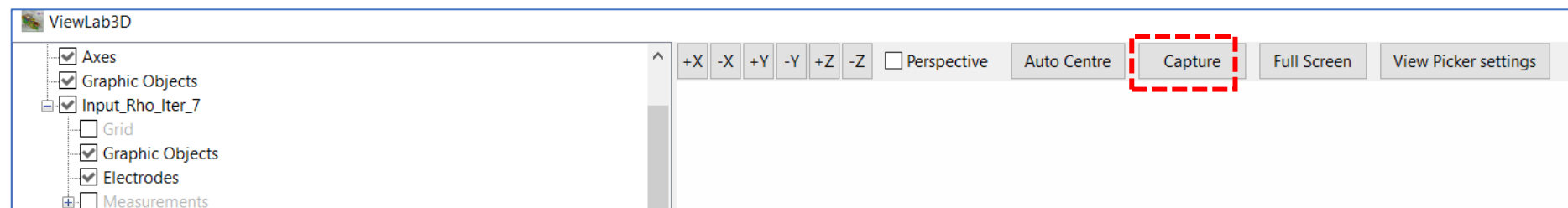


DISPLAY OF INVERTED MODEL

15. Check the “Axis” node on the main tree and check the Auto Fit Live option in order to fit the axes to the section and uncheck the “Perspective” option on top of the window:



16. Save the visualized section pressing on “Capture” button on top of the window.

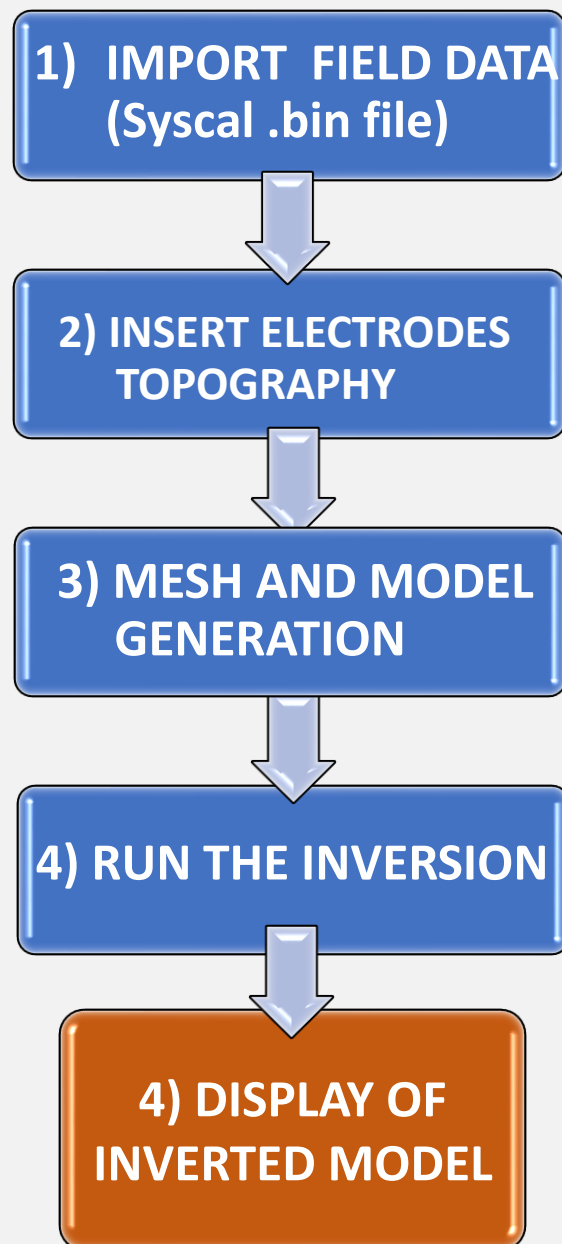


CASE 2

2D ERT PROFILE WITH EXTERNAL ELECTRODE TOPOGRAPHY

ERTLab Studio

QUICK INVERSION PROCESS

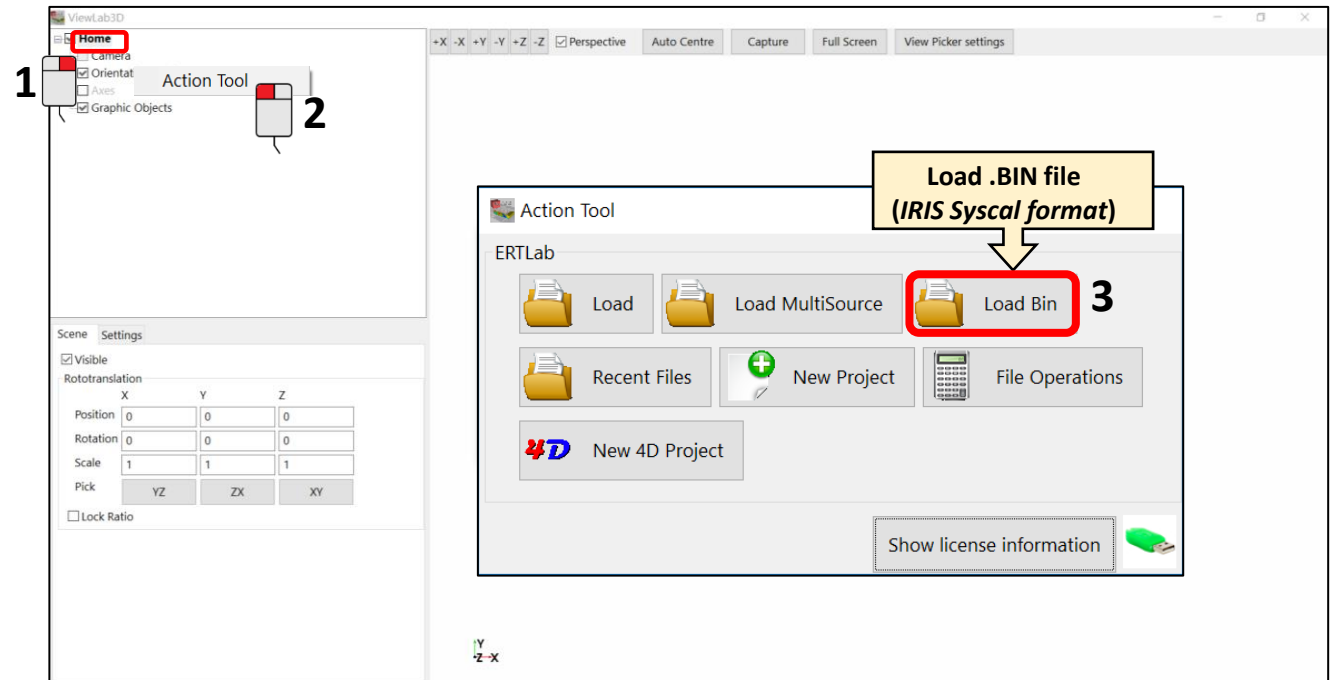


**N° 4 SIMPLE FULLY
AUTOMATED PASSES
TO GET AN INVERTED
2D SECTION**

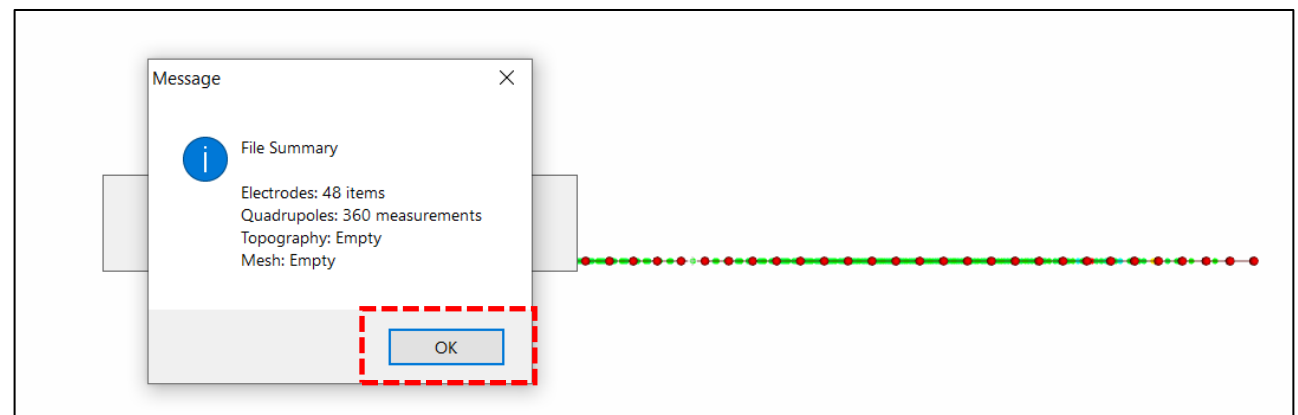
ERT PROFILE WITH ELECTODE TOPOGRAPHY

STEP 1: LOAD .BIN file

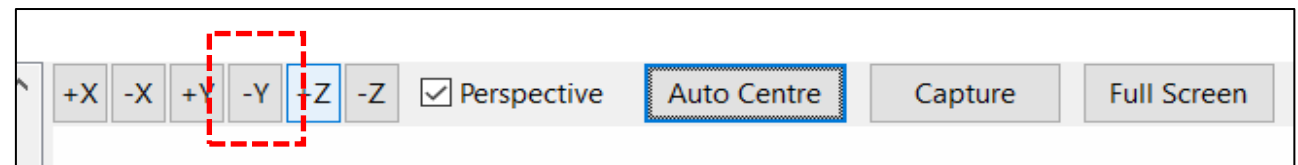
1. Launch ERTLab Studio;
2. Left mouse Click on “Home” on the main tree on the left;
3. Right mouse click → Action tool → and press on the LOAD BIN button in order to select a Syscal .bin 2D field data:



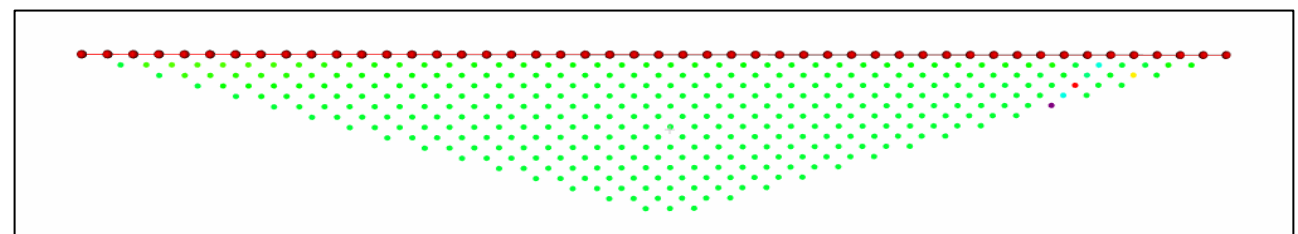
4. A File summary message will appear:
5. Press OK button



6. Press “-Y” button on top of the window to get the proper view



7. The pseudo-section can be visualized:



STEP 2: INSERT ELECTRODE TOPOGRAPHY (1° method)

8. Access to the Table for managing the electrodes following this procedure:

Table for managing ELECTRODES

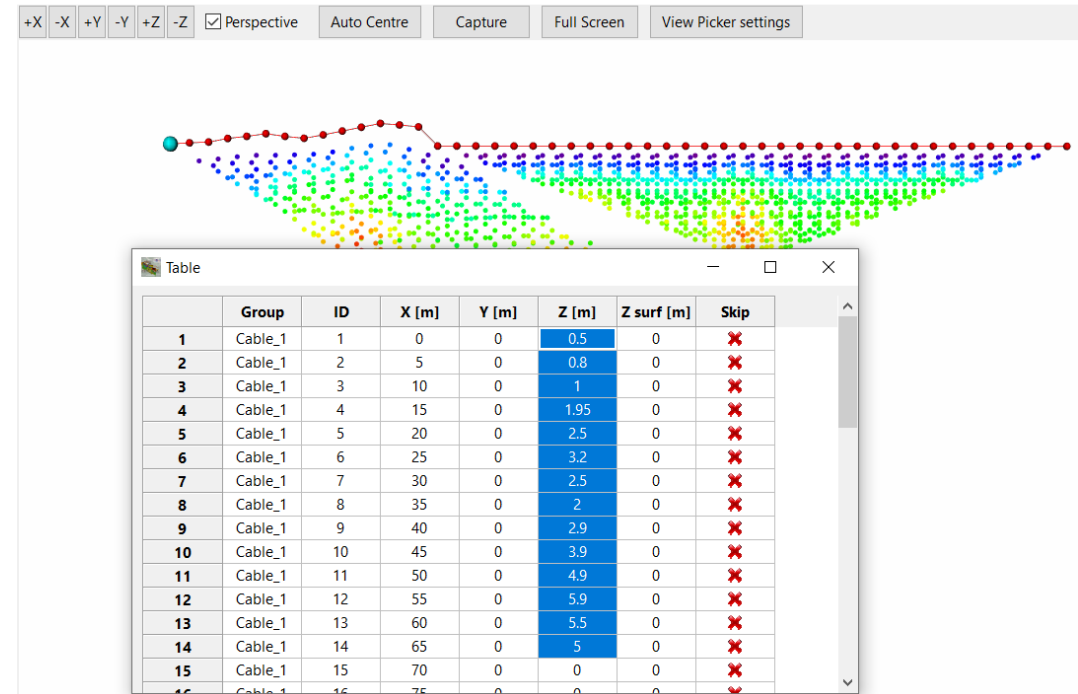
inside the green rectangle to display all columns

| | Group | ID | X | Y | Z | Z surf | REM | Skip |
|----|---------|----|------|-------|--------|--------|-----|------|
| 1 | Cable_1 | 1 | 0.63 | 82.77 | 186 | | | |
| 2 | Cable_1 | 2 | 0.95 | 81.83 | 185.79 | | | |
| 3 | Cable_1 | 3 | 1.01 | 80.91 | 185.61 | | | |
| 4 | Cable_1 | 4 | 1.01 | 80 | 185.56 | | | |
| 5 | Cable_1 | 5 | 1.08 | 78.94 | 185.59 | | | |
| 6 | Cable_1 | 6 | 1.28 | 77.9 | 185.77 | | | |
| 7 | Cable_1 | 7 | 1.46 | 76.99 | 185.69 | 185.69 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 8 | Cable_1 | 8 | 1.54 | 76.28 | 185.15 | 185.15 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 9 | Cable_1 | 9 | 1.62 | 75.09 | 184.41 | 184.41 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 10 | Cable_1 | 10 | 1.9 | 74.24 | 184.28 | 184.28 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 11 | Cable_1 | 11 | 1.95 | 73.31 | 184.05 | 184.05 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 12 | Cable_1 | 12 | 2.12 | 72.54 | 184.06 | 184.06 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 13 | Cable_1 | 13 | 2.2 | 71.37 | 183.79 | 183.79 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 14 | Cable_1 | 14 | 2.52 | 70.5 | 184.39 | 184.39 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 15 | Cable_1 | 15 | 2.76 | 69.5 | 184.36 | 184.36 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 16 | Cable_1 | 16 | 2.91 | 68.54 | 184.39 | 184.39 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 17 | Cable_1 | 17 | 3.11 | 67.66 | 184.17 | 184.17 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 18 | Cable_1 | 18 | 3.31 | 66.67 | 184.14 | 184.14 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 19 | Cable_1 | 19 | 3.55 | 65.65 | 184.26 | 184.26 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 20 | Cable_1 | 20 | 3.92 | 64.64 | 184.15 | 184.15 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 21 | Cable_1 | 21 | 4.1 | 63.83 | 184.1 | 184.1 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 22 | Cable_1 | 22 | 4.42 | 62.85 | 184.12 | 184.12 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 23 | Cable_1 | 23 | 4.54 | 61.87 | 184.15 | 184.15 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 24 | Cable_1 | 24 | 4.66 | 60.96 | 183.79 | 183.79 | ✗ | ✗ |
| 25 | Cable_1 | 25 | 4.93 | 59.67 | 183.93 | 183.93 | ✗ | ✗ |

STEP 2: INSERT ELECTRODE TOPOGRAPHY (1° method)

9. Modify each Z value manually as necessary by clicking into the related cells and check for the update on the section:

| | Group | ID | X [m] | Y [m] | Z [m] | Z surf [m] | Skip |
|----|---------|----|-------|-------|-------|------------|------|
| 1 | Cable_1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 2 | Cable_1 | 2 | 1.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 3 | Cable_1 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 4 | Cable_1 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 5 | Cable_1 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 6 | Cable_1 | 6 | 7.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 7 | Cable_1 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 8 | Cable_1 | 8 | 10.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 9 | Cable_1 | 9 | 12 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 10 | Cable_1 | 10 | 13.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 11 | Cable_1 | 11 | 15 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 12 | Cable_1 | 12 | 16.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 13 | Cable_1 | 13 | 18 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 14 | Cable_1 | 14 | 19.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 15 | Cable_1 | 15 | 21 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 16 | Cable_1 | 16 | 22.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 17 | Cable_1 | 17 | 24 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 18 | Cable_1 | 18 | 25.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 19 | Cable_1 | 19 | 27 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 20 | Cable_1 | 20 | 28.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 21 | Cable_1 | 21 | 30 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 22 | Cable_1 | 22 | 31.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 23 | Cable_1 | 23 | 33 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |



10. And/or use the automated interpolation function available selecting the electrode's range to be modified and entering the "Set to..." windows by Right Mouse clicking

| | Group | ID | X [m] | Y [m] | Z [m] | Z surf [m] | Skip |
|----|---------|----|-------|-------|-------|------------|------|
| 1 | Cable_1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 2 | Cable_1 | 2 | 1.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 3 | Cable_1 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 4 | Cable_1 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 | 13 | 12 | ✗ |
| 5 | Cable_1 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 14 | 12 | ✗ |
| 6 | Cable_1 | 6 | 7.5 | 5 | 15 | 12 | ✗ |
| 7 | Cable_1 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 8 | Cable_1 | 8 | 10.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 9 | Cable_1 | 9 | 12 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 10 | Cable_1 | 10 | 13.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 11 | Cable_1 | 11 | 15 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 12 | Cable_1 | 12 | 16.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 13 | Cable_1 | 13 | 18 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 14 | Cable_1 | 14 | 19.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 15 | Cable_1 | 15 | 21 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 16 | Cable_1 | 16 | 22.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 17 | Cable_1 | 17 | 24 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 18 | Cable_1 | 18 | 25.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 19 | Cable_1 | 19 | 27 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |
| 20 | Cable_1 | 20 | 28.5 | 5 | 12 | 12 | ✗ |

11. Type-in the Start and Stop Value for an automated interpolation over the selected range:

Set to ...

Start Value

Stop Value

Length by Z Interpolation

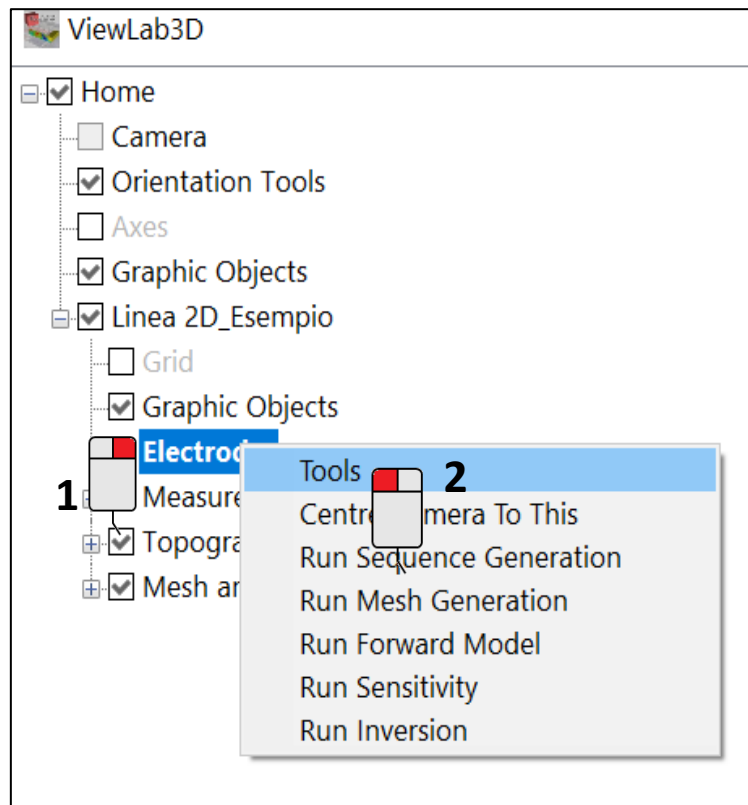
Copy ONLY Z and Z Surf

Ok Cancel

STEP 2: INSERT ELECTRODE TOPOGRAPHY (2° method)

AS AN ALTERNATIVE, it is possible to insert the real electrodes' coordinates importing a proper 3 columns .txt file containing the X, Y, Z in meters (can be easily generated by Excel or Wordpad):

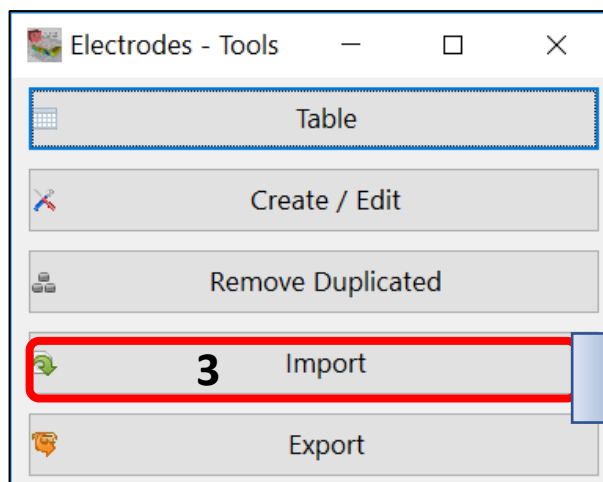
The procedure is the following:



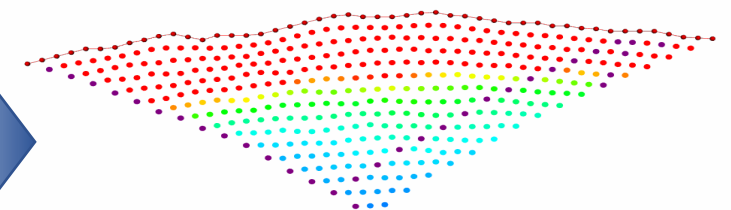
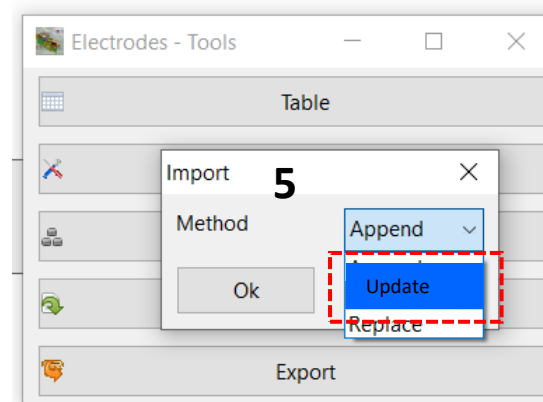
The screenshot shows a text file named 'Elettrodi2D.txt' with the following content:

| File | Modifica | Formato | Visualizza |
|------|----------|---------|------------|
| 2 | 2 | 10 | |
| 4 | 2 | 10 | |
| 6 | 2 | 11 | |
| 8 | 2 | 11.5 | |
| 10 | 2 | 11.5 | |
| 12 | 2 | 12 | |
| 14 | 2 | 12 | |
| 16 | 2 | 12.5 | |
| 18 | 2 | 12.5 | |
| 20 | 2 | 12.5 | |

Blue arrows point from the text 'AS AN ALTERNATIVE' to the 'File', 'Modifica', and 'Formato' columns. Red dashed boxes highlight the data rows.



4
Selezionare il file .txt e scegliere l'opzione «update»



STEP 2: INSERT ELECTRODE TOPOGRAPHY (3° method)

AS AN ALTERNATIVE, it is possible easily uploading the electrodes coordinates setting up a proper TABLE OF CONVERSION:

It is a simple .txt file (can be generated by Excel or Wordpad) composed by n° 7 columns:

| ELECTRODE NUMBER | SEQUENCE COORDINATES | | | REAL COORDINATES (absolute or relative) | | |
|------------------|----------------------|---|---|---|-----------|--------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 245.630 | 47263.770 | 86.000 |
| 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 245.950 | 47262.830 | 85.790 |
| 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 246.010 | 47261.910 | 85.610 |
| 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 246.010 | 47261.000 | 85.560 |
| 5 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 246.080 | 47259.940 | 85.590 |
| 6 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 246.280 | 47258.900 | 85.770 |
| 7 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 246.460 | 47257.990 | 85.690 |
| 8 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 246.540 | 47257.280 | 85.150 |
| 9 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 246.620 | 47256.090 | 84.410 |
| 10 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 246.900 | 47255.240 | 84.280 |
| 11 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 246.950 | 47254.310 | 84.050 |
| 12 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 247.120 | 47253.540 | 84.060 |
| 13 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 247.200 | 47252.370 | 83.790 |



ERTLab *Studio* **automatically** reads the conversion table when the .BIN file is load, provided that the two files have the **EXACT SAME NAME**:

Example

File .BIN name → Line1 .BIN
 Associated Conversion Table name → Line1.TXT

In case of acquisition with REMOTE POLE it is possible to:

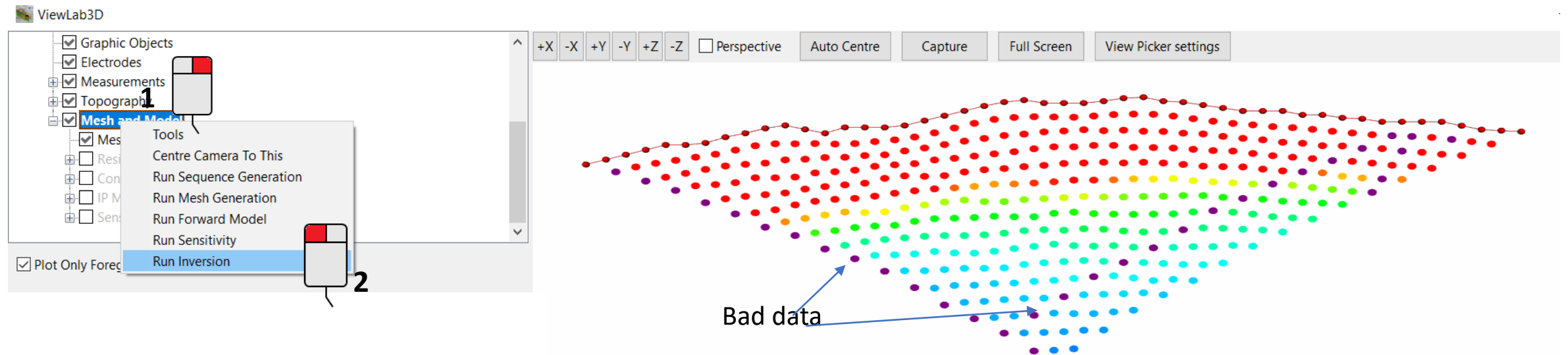
- Insert its coordinates at the end of the conversion table, with the special «flag» -1 in the Electrode column; in this case, ERTLab *Studio* will automatically identify it as a remote pole:

| | | | | | | |
|----|------|------|-----|--------|-----------|--------|
| 70 | 138 | 0 | 0 | 66.090 | 47201.970 | 87.550 |
| 71 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 66.510 | 47201.200 | 87.870 |
| 72 | 142 | 0 | 0 | 66.740 | 47200.190 | 88.260 |
| -1 | 9315 | 7181 | 178 | 15.660 | 47181.190 | 78.420 |

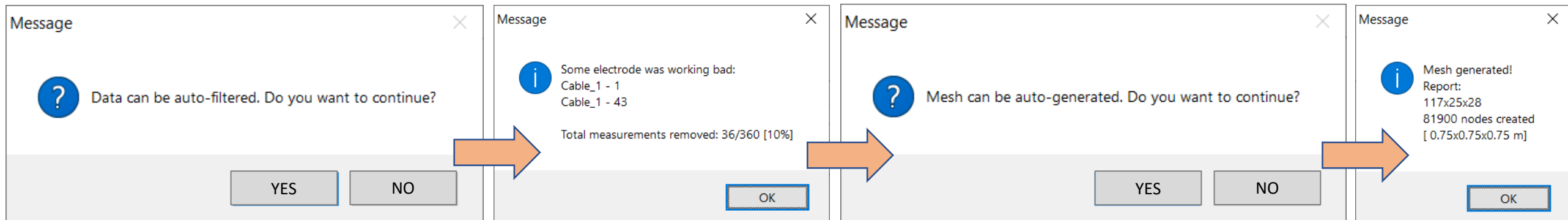
Random coordinates

STEP 3: MESH GENERATION

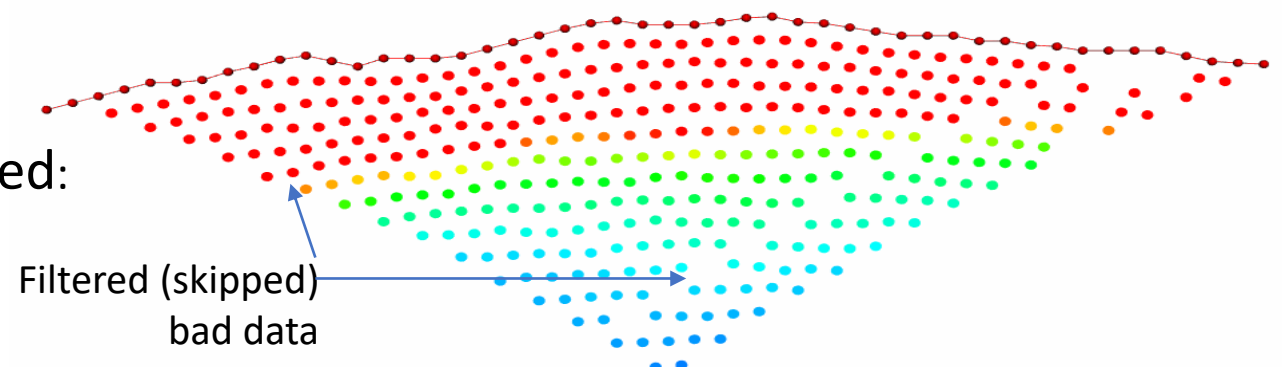
12. Launch the “Run Inversion” command by Right Mouse click on “Mesh and Model” and then Left Mouse Click on “Run Inversion”:



13. Answer “yes” to the following questions to apply the automatic filtering and take note of the related computational messages provided:

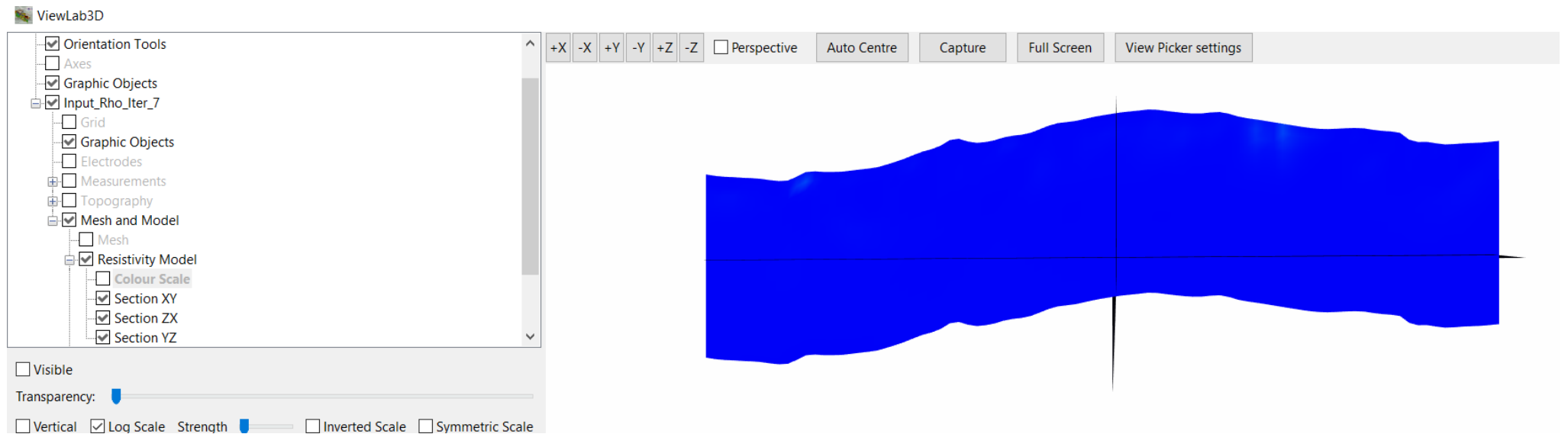


The data have been filtered (*additional manual filters are available*) and the mesh created:

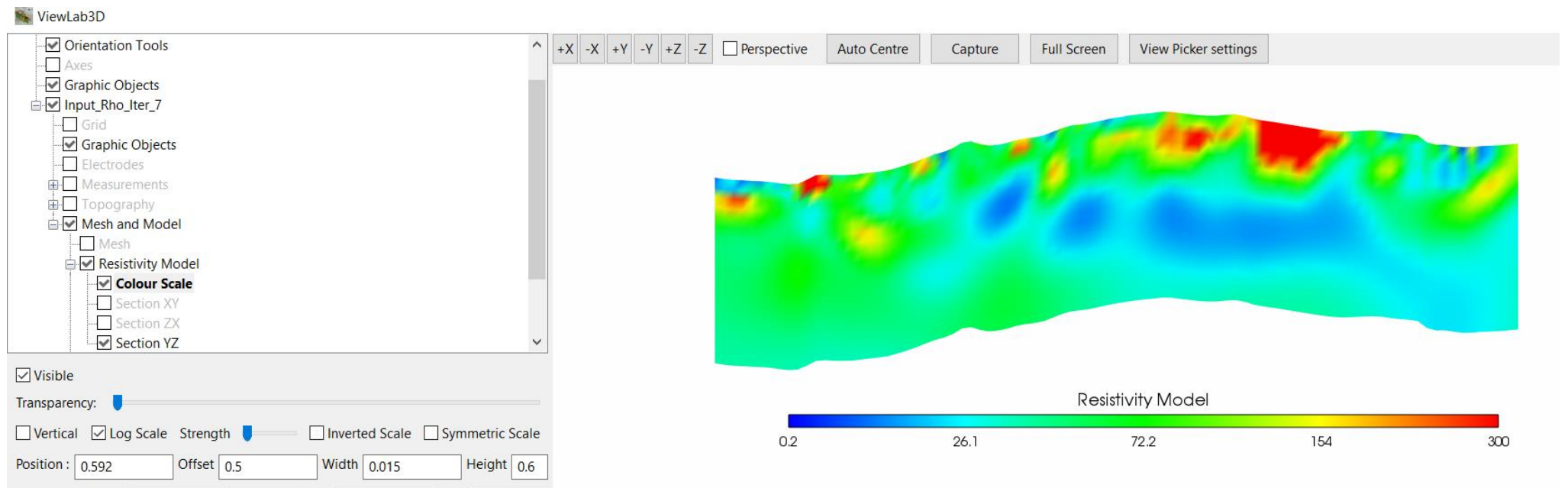


STEP 5 - DISPLAY OF INVERTED MODEL

17. Display the inverted model by checking the “Resistivity model” on the main tree, uncheck “Mesh”, “Measurements” and expand the “Resistivity model” menu by click on “+”:

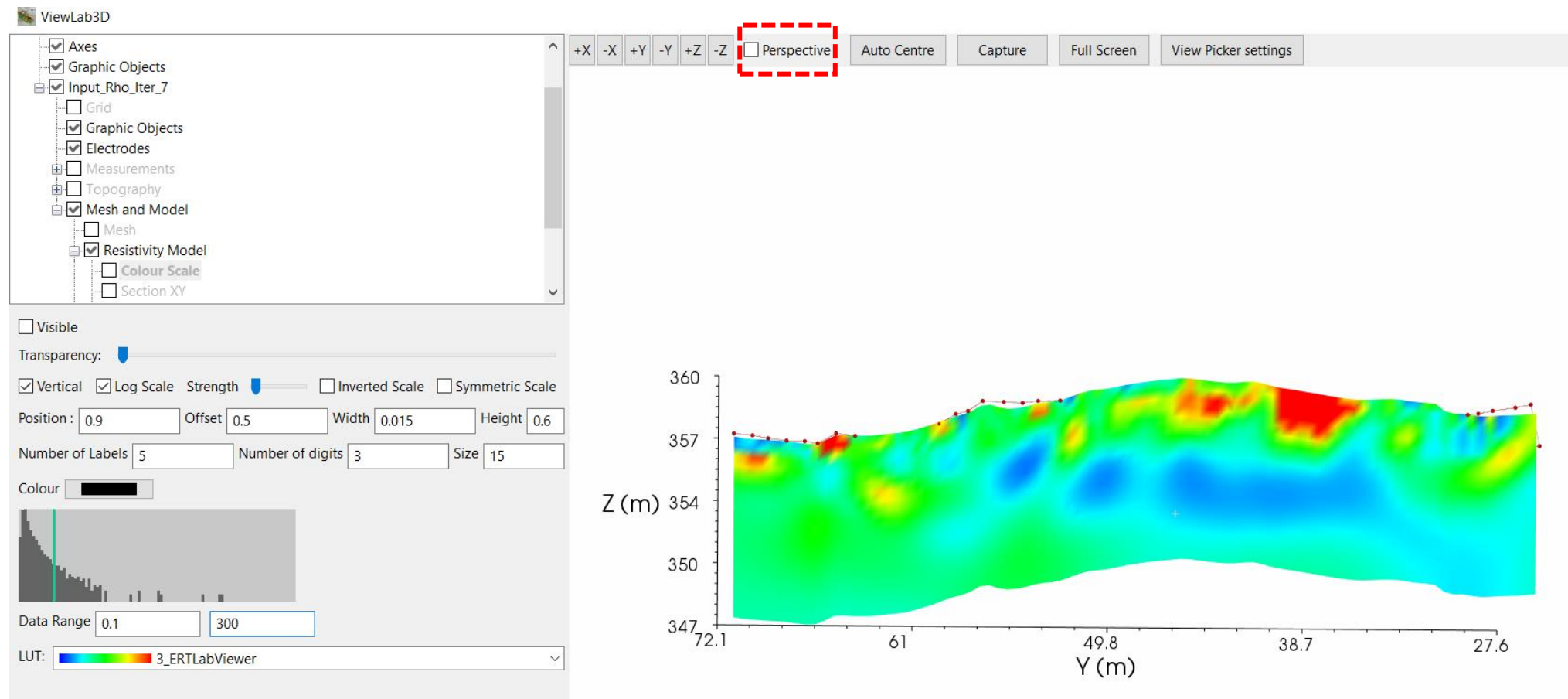


18. Uncheck the XY and YZ sections, check the “Color scale”, setup a proper resistivity Data Range (min-max) and choose a color scale (recommended: “ERTLab Viewer) with or without Log Scale:



STEP 5 - DISPLAY OF INVERTED MODEL

19. Check the “Axis” node on the main tree and check the Auto Fit Live option in order to fit the axes to the section and uncheck the “Perspective” option on top of the window:



20. Save the visualized section pressing on “Capture” button on top of the window.

